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The Pittsburgh Gazette

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF PERSONS leaving the city during the summer months they can have the GAZETTE mailed to their address, by ordering the same at the office, for fifteen cents per week for one week or more.

PRESIDENT JOHNSON'S deportment, in the progresses made by him this summer, has been a decided improvement on that exhibited by him last season. His admirers perceive and confess this difference, but attribute it to the more friendly manner in which he has been received this year. This explanation is not broad enough to cover the case. Even persons of a vicious temper and the most indifferent breeding manage to be tolerably civil when treated with marked deference. A gentleman is best distinguished under circumstances calculated to try his patience.

It was not marvellous that the loyal masses of the nation failed to treat the President with respect last year. He had just been guilty of a signal breach of faith, which stung their sensibilities to the quick; and he undertook, in the roughest manner to beard all who saw fit to upbraid him. Still, he found plenty of men who were ready to do him reverence, as he has this year. The possessor of immense patronage is never without adulators, whatever may be his character and conduct. But the harsh discipline to which the President was subjected in the western cities, twelve months ago, bore excellent fruit. It taught him to behave with some sort of propriety; which is proving a decided gain to the nation.

OUR REPUBLICAN EXCHANGES from all parts of the State come to us with earnest leaders endorsing the nomination of Hon. H. W. Williams for the Supreme Bench. No candidate could have been selected on whom the whole party would have united with better grace and unanimity of feeling. Even the dignified Democratic journals of the Commonwealth add their testimony to our candidate's worth and ability. Indeed, against neither of the candidates—Sharswood or Williams—can any personal reproach be cast, and the canvass must necessarily be conducted more on principles than for men. Mr. Williams, as we have hitherto remarked, will certainly receive an overwhelming majority in the counties west of the Alleghenies, and if the eastern section of the State does proportionately well, he will be chosen to the position by one of the largest majorities ever accorded to any candidate in this Commonwealth.

THE latest advices from Mexico confirm the tragic end of Maximilian, late Emperor of Mexico. The execution of the brave soldier was hardly looked for, inasmuch as his case excited the pity of the world and moved some of the leading powers of the earth to intercede for clemency in his behalf. Wrecked on his own ambition, misled, and in turn deserted by crowned abettors in Europe, betrayed by his soldiery and executed by the merciless conquerors over whom he would have ruled, the fate of Maximilian possesses a touching interest and cannot fail to provoke earnest sympathy. He died bravely, giving up his life in atonement for the great error of rashness he had committed in ascending the throne of Mexico, contrary to the will of her people.

YESTERDAY, in the Surratt trial, very important testimony for the prosecution was drawn from Dr. Lewis McMillan, late surgeon of the steamship Peruvian, on which the prisoner escaped from Canada to Ireland, in September, 1865. With full knowledge of guilt haunting him, the prisoner recognized in everybody on board the ship American detectives, and expressed himself as "willing to serve Andrew Johnson as Lincoln had been"—assassinated. He moreover virtually acknowledged himself guilty of some crime for which he would swing if caught in America. The conviction of the prisoner is highly probable, as the evidence thus far accumulated against him is very strong.

THE "NATIONAL LABOR CONGRESS," which recently held its sessions at Chicago, put forth an elaborate address, in which they declare that, "the interests of labor are one," and that "there should be no distinction of race or nationality; no classification of Jew or Gentile, infidel or Christian." This is exactly the doctrine we have been endeavoring, for some weeks past, to commend to the acceptance of the workingmen of this city and county. Backed by so respectable an authority our inculcations henceforward, on that head, ought not to draw down upon us the wrath of our contemporary, the workingmen's organ.

OFFICIAL abstracts of the muster rolls of the Confederate armies for every month during the war have recently been published, showing that the rebel forces were never half as large as they were popularly estimated, and were steadily overmatched by the Union troops. These abstracts compel great abatements from the laurels of most of the federal commanders. The war was clearly protracted, at immense cost, through a want of military capacity on the Union side properly to handle the armies placed in the field.

ANOTHER Fenian outbreak in Ireland is anticipated. It is a pity that the brave people of that land will persist in insane attempts to free their country when there cannot be the slightest hope for success. Such movements only bring disaster upon themselves and make their lot even more miserable.

THE distribution of premiums took place yesterday at the Paris Exposition in the presence of the Emperor Napoleon, Empress Eugenie, Prince Napoleon and the Sultan Aziz, of Turkey. Napoleon made a pacific speech on the occasion.

THE New York *Times* thinks it a great pity the people of New England are not better acquainted than they are with President JOHNSON. Doubtless those people think they know too much of him already.

FROM present appearances Congress will hardly have a quorum present on Wednesday, but later in the week will be ready for business. The President will send in no message.

IT is estimated by the Agricultural Department statisticians that the wheat crop will aggregate two billions of bushels.

THREE THOUSAND families are reported, in Wakeham county, North Carolina, as in a famishing condition.

LORD STANLEY is not without hope but the Alabama claims will be amicably arranged and settled.

YESTERDAY the Treasury Department commenced to pay the July interest on the public debt.

THE rumor of the killing of General Custar, by the Indians, lacks confirmation.

GENERAL NEWS.

—The New York Aldermen spend $100,000 annum in carriage hire.

—The eight hour system was introduced in California recently.

—Offenbach has put Robinson Crusoe and his man Friday into an opera.

—Professor Packard, of Yale, has returned from a year's visit to Europe.

—Indianapolis is the Paradise of bricklayers. They get five dollars and a half per day.

—Hendershott, who disappeared from the surface with his drum and his heiress at Poughkeepsie, has emerged at Omaha.

—Miss Craig has sued a Chicago merchant for $100,000 damages for breach of promise. Nobody can say her figure is a poor one.

—A Paris actress receiving a salary of $750 refused an offer from another theatre of $1,200 because she would have to play old lady parts.

—The New York papers are reducing their expenses to suit the hard times, and nearly all have largely reduced their reportorial force lately.

—A bridal dress in Paris cost 12,000 francs. It was white silk scolloped, bordered, satined, flounced, lace, trimmed with pearls and made with a peplum.

—There is a man down East, a rather facetious fellow, whose name is New. He named his first child Something; it was Something New. The next child was Nothing; it being Nothing New.

—A jury in the Superior Court of New York has just declared damages to the extent of $5,500 in the case of a person who suffered injuries by falling down an insecurely covered vault hole.

—A sharp fellow in Paris has erected a telescope on the bridges of Seine which commands a peep of the stage of the Chinese theatre. Two sous gives spectators an illicit view of the Chinese stars.

—Lieutenant John Mills, U. S. A., who died at Bradford, Mass., on the 21st, at the age of seventy-seven, was the oldest officer in the service, having entered it in 1809, three months after General Scott.

—There is a colored boy in Newport, R. I., five years old, weighing only sixteen pounds. When six months old the child weighed only four and a quarter pounds. The boy enjoys good health, and is of good intellect.

—The secrets of health are six: First—keep warm. Second—eat regular and slow. Third—maintain regular bodily habits. Fourth—Take early and very light suppers. Fifth—keep a clean skin. Sixth—get plenty of sleep at night.

—Barnum has brought out "The Sea of Ice" at his museum, expecting to draw a big crowd this hot weather. The ice, however, is anything but a refrigerator to the audience, and they, as usual, pronounce Barnum a humbug.

—General Geninglasen, who distinguished himself as commander of General William Walker's forces in Nicaragua, is now in New Orleans. He is supposed by the *Crescent* to have something to do with Santa Anna's schemes in Mexico.

—A man at Portland, Me., had his house robbed recently by a New York professional, who, on his way home, stopped and wrote a letter to his victim, returning a lot of papers valuable to the owner alone, and signing himself "a poor but honest burglar."

—George Francis Train is reported to have received $50,000 for organizing the Credit Mobilier of America, a financial institution that has handled $20,000,000 since it established it in 1865. It has the contract for building the first section of the Union Pacific Railroad.

—The foreman of a job room of a St. Louis newspaper turned out the whole edition of a pamphlet on the "Life and Assassination of Abraham Lincoln," with the startling caption, "The Life and Assassinations of Abraham Lincoln." The blunder is understood to have cost him his place.

—Mr. Dumas, the younger, in an article on Theatres, says there are some three hundred persons in Paris who make a point of attending the first night of a new piece, and on their judgment its success depends. He gives it as a general rule that a Theatre only begins to pull well and to make success, when it has begun to have doubts.

—What is the name of the new Greek Minister to the United States? There is a great paucity of colonels. It is printed Rangabe, Rangabee, Rangeba, Rangas, Rugogubee and several other ways in different newspapers, and if the gentleman in question values his name at all, he had better hasten to establish some mode of spelling it that will be permanent.

—The Washington *Republican* says: There is a Brooklyn gentleman in the city who offers to contract with the Government for the effectual "removal" of the Indians on the Plains, at a cost absolutely trifling compared with the enormous sums of money at present carried on. His plan is very simple, being the establishment of a few distillers' depots.

—Alexander Renaud, a German, twenty-four years of age, was at New York, tried in the Court of Sessions, charged with a burglary committed on Catherine Frank, a girl three years of age, who died from the effects of the injuries inflicted upon her by the assault. The man's guilt and brutality were clearly proven, and he was convicted, and sentenced to the State Prison for twenty years.

—The number of additional bounty claims under the act of July 28, 1866, thus far received by the Paymaster General is 479,000, of which number 145,000 have been forwarded to the second auditor for settlement. Of these 72,000 have been made up and paid, leaving 73,000 in process of settlement. The division having charge of this work is largely behind in its labor. It is estimated that it will take eighteen months to finish up what is now on hands.

—A horse owned by a gentleman in New York got its leg broken last week and he was shot. A dog that had slept for three years in the stable with the horse, refused to be separated from it after the company, and would not be comforted. When the remains of his lost friend were borne away, he sat up, howling, the only mourner at the funeral. He returned to the stable at the end of three hours, seeming to feel the loss deeply, and no doubt regarding sorrowfully the vacant stall in which his friend was wont to stand.

—Forty thousand wax candles are lighted instantaneously by a single match at the Royal Palace in Berlin. The wicks are previously connected by a thread spun from gun cotton, on lighting one end of which all the candles are lighted. The assassination of Abraham Lincoln,' with the startling caption, "The Life and Assassinations of Abraham Lincoln," by the bloodier

The Pittsburgh Gazette

TUESDAY, JULY 2, 1867.

UNION REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HON. H. W. WILLIAMS,

Of Allegheny County.

THE New York *Times* declares that the Reconstruction bill "violates every cardinal principle of our Government, and is at variance with the clearest letter of the Constitution." This is true only in the narrow sense in which all use of military force is in contravention of the civil law. When Mr. DAVIS and his associates were preparing the way for revolt, they maintained with the same sort of logic, that the general government could not rightfully coerce a State. Even some loyal people were in serious doubt as to how far military force might lawfully be exhibited. Each of these sets of objectors found there are emergencies in which the civil laws are silent, in which military law is supreme; and in which a republic becomes just as absolute as a declared military despotism. In the nature of the case, there is, and there can be, but one limit to the employment of military means; and that is necessity. Whatever it is needful to do for the public defence, in time of war, it is lawful to do. In this broad sense, therefore, the Military Government Act is no more in violation of the Constitution than any use of military force by which the rebellion was suppressed. As to how long after a rebellion has been overthrown military supervision shall be continued, is purely a matter of discretion with the government. The decision will depend on several considerations: 1. The formidableness of the revolt. It would be absurd to say that no longer military supervision was needful after the surrender of LEE's army, than after the collapse of SHAY's rebellion or the Whisky Insurrection. 2. Upon the depth to which the loyalty of the citizens was disturbed. If a revolt was purely spasmodic, the result of some powerful but transient cause, the military power might safely be reduced to abeyance as soon as the gust had spent its force. But if the revolt was the consequence of long-continued causes by which the passions of millions of people were stirred to the very bottom, it would be a species of reckless infatuation immediately to withdraw the strong hand of coersive power. 3. Upon the extent to which the revolt had dislocated the civil machinery. For four years civil functions throughout the insurgent States were thrown into an abnormal condition. The old and constitutional relations were dissolved, not, indeed, in theory, but in fact and truth, and new relations established. With the failure of the rebellion these new relations were sundered, and none remained. It was essential to re-establish the old convictions, but on terms comporting with the great changes wrought by the war. When a city has been shaken by an earthquake, no man is so irrational as to suppose all the edifices, or even the surface of the land, can be restored at once, or at all, to the original state. It is just as insane to imagine that after a gigantic rebellion which has shaken the foundations of a government, it is within the compass of possibilities to restore the nation to the condition it was in before. The forces that burst out in vast insurrections inhere in the very nature of society. The outburst comes because, owing to impediments, institutions are not altered so as to conform to the progress of the age. The revolt ends in an adjustment of the decrepancy.

Who shall judge of the amount and duration of allowable military supervision after the suppression of a revolt. Each citizen will doubtless judge for himself, and will censure or applaud the Government according as it accepts or rejects his judgment. But the judgment of individual citizens goes for nothing in cases of this sort. The Government must judge for itself, and its judgment must stand. By over-caution it may protract military rule beyond the point of absolute necessity; but this is erring on the side of prudence.

Lawyers may growl at this view of the case; but it is the only practical view that can be taken. Legal niceties did not save the Union. They were utterly powerless to deal with the problem as it was presented. The sword put down the revolt; and is the only instrument by which its suppression can be made permanent. The sword has not yet completely performed its appropriate work. It will be time to lay it aside when there is no use for it. This use of force is constitutional, for that document provides for both army and navy, that they may be in readiness when needed. As nothing could have been more ridiculous than a lawyer standing on the field of Gettysburg endeavoring to demonstrate to General LEE that he had no right to appear in arms against the Government, so nothing is more unreasonable than an attorney's argument to show that Congress has no right to continue the use of force until satisfied that it is safe, owing to a radical change in the opinions and purposes of the Southern people, to restore to them the privilege of self-government.

FOR GENERATIONS the Emperors of Austria have striven to reduce Hungary to the position of a conquered province. This attempt, flagitious in itself, has produced a number of fierce insurrections, and has been a source of constant peril to the empire. The Hungarians have constantly searched for opportunity to reinstate themselves in their former position, and have thought to find it in every serious embarrassment of the monarchy.

After the war with Prussia last summer, Austria was reduced to the greatest straits. Beaten in the field, her territory diminished, her ascendancy in Germany broken, her treasury empty, it seemed that nothing was wanting to complete her ruin but for the non-Germanic portions of the Empire to renew their struggle for independence. The condition of Hungary was the chief menace.

The new Prime Minister adopted the bold and wise policy of restoring Hungary to her ancient rights. In pursuance of this policy the Emperor of Austria was recently, and with grand and imposing ceremonies, crowned King of Hungary. The promise is given that all the safeguards of the former liberties shall be restored.

If this promise shall be kept, the Emperors of Austria will have no farther serious difficulty to apprehend from their Hungarian subjects. Indeed, as in former ages, Hungary may again prove their best defence when all other help shall fail.

There are men, claiming to be statesmen, who seek to make the Southern States as formidable a menace to the Union as Hungary has been to Austria. Instead of demanding simply security for the future, they want to reduce the States lately in revolt to a condition of abject vassalage. Conscious of the power of the government, they do not see the danger of using it without wisdom and moderation. Insisting, truly enough, that by rebellion those States forfeited their rights and became subject to the will of the conqueror, they fail to see that it does not consist with the idea of popular institutions that vast territories and millions of inhabitants shall be held either permanently or for considerable periods under military rule, or under disabilities of any sort. They who have considered the mutations to which all nations are exposed, understand that those who are on the tip of the wheel to-day may be at the bottom of it to-morrow, and the measures in the flush of power they enforce against others may in turn be laid on them or their descendants.

All the material interests of the United States require that the gaps opened by the war shall be closed without unnecessary delay. The political uncertitude that hangs over the South causes many branches of business to languish. The depression will be likely to last until the relations of the seceding States to the Union shall be finally determined. This is not a matter that touches those States alone. One member of the body cannot suffer without all feeling the injury. With the industrial activities of the South fully restored, the comparative poverty induced by the war replaced by fresh prosperity, all parts of the country will be benefitted. Interchange of mutually beneficial commercial transactions will go far towards restoring genuine amity and creating bonds of sympathy that shall so bind together the two alienated sections of the Union as to make of the twain one happy and prosperous nation.

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

GRAPE CULTURE IN AMERICA.

EDITORS GAZETTE:—Much has been said and written upon this important subject, both in Europe and America. But I do not suppose that out of all the reasons set forth to elucidate the matter, the most important has been touched. I mean the preparation of the ground. In France, for instance, the grape raiser applies himself to render the soil fit for receiving the young plants, in doing first what an intelligent husbandman does when he intends to raise a crop. A year before the planting he ploughs the ground, if it is possible to be ploughed, or, if the ground be hilly, he applies the hoe, trying to destroy as much weeds as he can. This is done in the fall. The next spring, when everything is green and swilling, he digs deep ditches in a vertical line down the top of the hills, so leaving a chance for rain to run along the trenches. As a grape vine has perpendicular roots, it should be proper to give those branches as much depth as the ground will allow. This work done, a compost, in which lime, bone dust, manure of any kind, enter for a large part; if the soil is sandy and rocky, is mixed to the ground and thrown into the trenches, till they are filled up. The ground remains in that condition till the next fall. When the trimming is over, he carefully commences the plantation of his young plants, leaving two feet space between them. He specially prevents the grass from growing around the foot of the stock; for there is in herb very dangerous to the roots of young cuttings. We observed that fibres of some of the worst kind had made their way to the very roots of the vine, enveloping them as if they had enwrapped with them. This, of course, deprives the tender tree of assuming a basis, and that is the reason why so many young grape plants die after transplantation. The grape raiser should then carefully prevent any weed from growing in the vicinity of the vine, especially when it is young. LAMBERT.

Timely Hints for July.

[From the American Agriculturist.]

Mowings.—If grass lodges badly, cut it without reference to fitness. Timothy is fittest when it is just out of bloom; orchard grass and clover bloom at the same time, and should be cut when the latter is in fullest flower. Cut all grasses before the seed will shell after curing. The best time to manure grass is just after mowing; the best manure, fine muck compost with a modicum of ashes, bone dust and plaster. Spread with a shovel from the cart, and go over the land with an iron toothed horse rake, to spread and knock the lumps to pieces, and work them into the sward.

Grain Harvesting.—Barley should become nearly ripe before it is cut, and it ought to be bound and shocked the same day, and protected from dews and rains as much as possible. Thus the brightest and most marketable grain is obtained. Oats ripen so unevenly that it is often best to cut them while many are hardly out of the milk, to save those that are getting too ripe. The best time is when the kernel is in the dough stage. What is lost by early cutting, in the grain, is gained in the straw. Wheat ought to get nearly ripe, according to the latest doctrine, to give the greatest weight of grain and the best quality. The happy medium between sufficient ripeness and liability to shell out is the point to be sought in determining when to cut. The older, and perhaps safer theory, favored cutting while the grain was in the dough. Make all preparations early, engage extra hands to be ready to cut, and harvest at the right time; have sharp and good tools.

Hay and Grain Caps.—The cheapness of fabrics will now permit the economical use of caps for hay cocks and shocks of grain. Four feet square is a good size, and loops for pins at the corners are the best fastening. Once using sometimes pays the cost.

Sheep are distressed by the gad-fly this month and next, and should be protected by tarring their noses. Daub the tar on their noses, extending up, where they will not rub it off in feeding. The fly lays eggs in the nostrils, which hatch, and, the worms ascending, cause the "grub in the head."

Hogs.—Provide swine with roomy pegs, to work over all the litter and weeds that can be gathered, besides soda, muck, etc. The amount of excellent manure made is enormous.

Weeds.—Suffer none to go to seed, is easily written, but very hard to carry out. Still, the nearer we live up to this injunction, the easier will it be to carry it out, year after year. Many weeds, pulled or cut up in blossom, will ripen seed while dying, but few, the seeds of which are not fully mature, will survive the hog pen, in root or seed. It is never too late to pull docks in the mowing. Canada thistles, cut a few times below the surface, will disappear. Carrots are biennial, and, perhaps, in a few cases, will live a third year, if they cannot blossom the second; and we have strong faith, though not positive assurance, that the seeds will not germinate after the third year. So, two years' cultivation will almost clean them out.

Young Grape Vines.—The great trouble with inexperienced cultivators is, that they will allow a young vine to have its own way. It is the inexorable law, that a vine cannot yield both fruit and wood. If the vine is grown for present satisfaction only, then let it fruit if it will, but if future crops are regarded, then remove all the fruit that sets the first year after planting, and pinch the laterals to get a good wood growth.

Cabbages.—Set out cabbages on land left vacant by early potatoes and peas, or on fallow ground well worked, limed and dunged. Keep well hoed.

Soiling Crops.—Corn, sorghum, peas and oats, etc., may be sowed, for soiling, any time this month.

Butter.—If the feed is good, the butter may be equal to that made last month, provided the dairy is cool, or, rather, of the right temperature, which is about 58 to 60 degrees Fahrenheit. If the pastures are short and dry, feed green fodder freely—corn, sorghum, etc. It may be necessary to increase the salt in the butter a little in the hottest weather.

Ditching.—Times of unusual, or even of usual, summer dryness, may often be most profitably employed in ditching and draining swamps, cutting the bogs, and drying and burning the same.

Buckwheat.

This crop occupies a position in our farming which it would be very difficult to supply. Common millet is in some respects very much like it, especially as it may be sown in July, and a crop of hay or grain harvested, and as it also does well upon sandy soils. Buckwheat is a plant which makes the most of *free* privileges—a sort of self-made crop. If it has to struggle moderately, it does well. But if it has all its needs supplied, and especially if on freshly manured land, it is very likely to fail. It does not bear fermenting manure well at all, as it runs to tops and the seed blasts. It affords one of the most valuable green manure crops to be used on light leachy lands, for with 100 to 150 pounds of good guano, or 3 to 5 cwt. of bonedust, a heavy crop of manure may be produced on almost any soil. When sowed for the grain, it is not advisable to sow too early, as the first flowers are apt to blight in hot, dry weather. In cool weather, reasonably moist, the grain fills best, but frost is fatal. It is usual, in order to avoid extremes, to sow from the 5th to the 25th of July, according to latitude. The last of the month being preferred, where frosts hold off well. It is sown on sod without manure, at the rate of a bushel to a bushel and-a-half to the acre. It is best to prepare the land well by plowing some weeks beforehand, and harrowing to get a uniform surface. We have no idea how long the plant will continue to grow and blossom if frosts hold off. It is customary to cut, and cure in small, isolated gavels, as soon as the first seeds are ripe, before they will shell out in handling. The straw is as good sheep fodder as need be, and the grain nutritious and fattening.

BEET SUGAR.—Recent Illinois newspapers speak with confidence of the results of the efforts making in that State to manufacture sugar from beets after the plan adopted in France a few years ago, and since prosecuted with much success. The subject is again brought up prominently by the consignment of about thirty thousand pounds of sugar to Chicago from the manufacturing establishment at Chatsworth. This sugar is said to have been made in March, and is a part of the product of last season's business, the beets having been preserved in pits through the winter. Experience seems to be conclusive in regard to the good saccharine properties of beets grown in this country as compared with those of France.

THE BORER.—Examine the trunk of every fruit tree just below the surface of the ground for the borer. This can be done on a wet day, when the soil is too moist to be worked. The borer is making fearful havoc, in almost every section of the country, among the apple and peach trees; and there is no other way to save fruit trees than to examine them often, and cut out the aggressors with a gouge or a knife. There is little, if any efficacy in the numerous nostrums that are recommended for repelling the borer. An active man or boy, or a female farmer, can examine an orchard and destroy all the borers, in this summary manner, in less time than one would be required to apply something that will prevent the ravages of the borer only by killing the trees.

SELF FORMING WELLS.—A new mode of getting water has been discovered at Charleston, S. C. It is simple. The whole process consists in driving a piece of gas-pipe an inch and a half in diameter, down into the ground with a hand mallet. When the pipe reaches the water a common cistern pump is applied and worked. At first sand and water are lifted up, then less sand, until finally beautiful clear water flows. It is used for all purposes. Along Broad street they are so common as to be used, with hose pipe attached, for watering the streets, and are preferred to the water-cart arrangement. The expense of putting down the pipe, the pump, and the platform is only about ten or twelve dollars for a well of eight feet. Every house and cabin should have one. Any person can make them.

IN Niagara county, Western New York, the army worm is committing dreadful ravages among the orchards. In places, the whole population turn out to do battle to save their fruit and gardens. The worms attack a tree in such numbers as to cover the leaves and fruit, which they utterly destroy. If the trunk of a tree is covered with tarred paper they cannot ascend it, and they start for another orchard. It is doubtful whether this is the real army worm of the South, but it is probably the caterpillar of New England. If it is the army worm its progress can be stopped by plowing furrows and then digging ditches eight inches deep, with straight sides. Into this they will crawl, and only with great difficulty can they get out; then strew straw over them, set it on fire, and their day is done.

DESTRUCTION OF WEEVIL AND OTHER INSECTS.—In Belgium sulphur gas has been found the most effectual remedy for destroying the weevil and alucite infesting cereals. When 1865 the depredations of these insects in that country have been alarming, and the scourge threatens to become even greater in the future.

The mode of destroying these parasites as noticed by M Gaud, Agricultural Engineer, of Belgium, is to deposit the grain in barrels smoked with burning sulphur. Coarse threads are drawn through melted brimstone and these are burned in the barrel. The grain is then thrown among the fumes and kept there under cover for fifteen minutes, when the operation is complete.

CURE FOR LICE ON CATTLE.—Isaac Schanber, Saratoga county, N. Y., says: "A few applications of good cider vinegar along the back bone, on the head, and other places where the lice gather, will soon finish them." It will give them a check, which cleanliness and good keeping will make more or less permanent. It is, however, a safe and convenient application.

SALT AND ASHES FOR HORSES.—A correspondent of the *Prairie Farmer* says he never knew a horse to have the colic, bots, or worms, nor become a "cribber," when a box of salt and ashes was ever in reach of his stall.

A GOOD CURE.—Pay a hand if he is a poor hand, all you promise him; if he is a good hand pay him a little more; it will encourage him to do better.

WASTEFUL.—The Boston *Post* says Vermont farmers waste manure enough every year to pay for the breadstuffs that the State gets from the West.

PURE OLD OTARD BRANDY.

FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES.—In am this day in receipt of fifty cases of pure Old Otard Brandy, (bottled,) a prime article, quad, if not superior, to any in the city. No family should be without this article at this season of the year.

Those wishing pure liquors for medicinal purposes, should call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I am confident of selling a first article, at lower rates, than elsewhere in the city.

JOSEPH FLEMING'S

Drug and Patent Medicine Depot,

No. 84 MARKET STREET,

Near Fourth.

jy1m8TW

ITCH, TETTER, ALL SKIN DISEASES.

Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eruptions.

'SWAYNE'S OINTMENT.'

Entirely eradicates these troublesome complaints.

Swayne's "All-Healing Ointment."

"Cures Itch in from 12 to 48 hours."

Prepared only by Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia.

Sold by McLARRAN & McKENNAN, 85 Market street, GEO. A. KELLY, 37 Wood st., Mrs. FLEMING, 84 Market street, A. TORRENCE, cor. 4th and Market sts., Pittsburgh; KANE & DRUITT, Allegheny.

jes3m6oTTS

HEAR REASON!

STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES!

When a garrison apprehends an attack from an outside enemy, what does it do? It STRENGTHENS THE DEFENCES. The human system, at this period of the year, is beleaguered by morbid influences. The atmosphere is full of them. Every change of weather lays the feeble open to their attacks. What is to be done in order to baffle these unseen, but ever active, foes? STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES. Do you ask how? The answer is simple—the means within the reach of all: Reinforce the vital organs and the nervous system with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. Tone the stomach, regulate the bowels, rouse the sluggish liver, cheer the spirits, enrich and purify the vital current with HOSTETTER'S BITTERS. That's the way to STRENGTHEN THE DEFENCES, and render the capital of health impregnable. If you wish to escape bilious headache, intermittent fever, indigestion, and nervous visitations—to enjoy in all its plenitude, the blessing of "a sound mind in a sound body," use this incomparable preventive and restorative. It preserves health in the healthy, and renews it in the weak and ailing.

PINUS CANADENSIS.

A tree which is abundant in Canada, Nova Scotia, and the more northern parts of the New England States, and is also found in the elevated and mountainous regions of the Middle States, and abounds in medicinal virtues. Dr. SWETT, of Boston, has prepare a medicine from the sweet, inside inner bark of the tree, called PULLADS WHITE PINE COMPOUND, which is one of rare value in all disorders of the throat, lungs, and kidneys. It acts like a charm in all diseases of mucous membranes, enabling them to regain their soft tone and energy. It will be found well adapted to all those diseases, where Buchu has been tried and failed. This is also a well applied to remale complaints, and an infallible specific for old and debilitated cases of asthma. Many persons who at first will look a little at the price, will cry, afterwards came back and got a dozen, or half dozen, which effected perfect cures of diseases of the bladder and kidney of years standing.

Diabetes, a disease that has been looked upon as among the incurables, is immediately relieved by it. Notice the certificate of ASA Simmons, published some time ago.

The *United States Dispensatory*, speaking of the pine, says: "It is prescribed to demulcent, relaxant, and other diseases of the urinary passages; in aphthæ and profuse intestinal discharges of the bowels, in chronic catarrhal affections, and in various forms of rheumatism." It is exceedingly valuable in all gravelly affections, bloody urine, and when there is red and white sediment. It can be taken without interruption to one's usual avocations; and instead of slackening, produces a bracing, healthy power of endurance and vigor. Price, $1 per bottle; six for $5.

Ask for YOLAND'S WHITE PINE COMPOUND. For sale by the gross, dozen or single bottle, at DR. KEYSER'S Great Medicine store, 140 Wood street.

jy1-MWF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., Adams Express Office, 54 Fifth street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Dominion.

ROBINSON BROTHERS,

Bankers,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Convert 7-30's, free of charge, upon Government terms. They have constantly on hand all kinds of

U. S. BONDS,

And are prepared to buy and sell Railroad Bonds or Stocks; Bank Gas and Bridge Stocks; Mortgages on Real Estate, Land Warrants, etc.

WANTED.—The bonds of the counties of Butler, Beaver, Lawrence, Mercer and Washington. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

JUST PUBLISHED.

Supplement to Purdon's Digest,

1861 to 1867. By FREDERICK C. BRIGHTLY. Price $2. For sale by

KAY & COMPANY,

jy2TuTh2T 65 Wood Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RATIFICATION

OF THE NOMINATION OF

Hon. HENRY W. WILLIAMS,

FOR THE

SUPREME COURT OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The Committee of Arrangements for a Mass Meeting, appointed by the Republican County Committee on the 29th of June, will meet at the office of the undersigned, No. 93 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh,

SATURDAY, July 6th, 1867,

AT 9 O'CLOCK P. M.

The following gentlemen compose the Committee:

F. H. COLLIER Sharpsburg.
M. W. ACHESON, Braddock.
STEPHEN H. GEYER, Allegheny.
Dr. FRED TAUTE Allegheny.
Gen. G. GLOCUM, East Birmingham.
GOTTLIEB WEYPACH, Allegheny.
WM. BINGHAM Lawrenceville.
R. R. CARNAHAN, Pittsburgh.
H. F. LUCAS, Allegheny.
W. C. MOORELAND, Oakland.
Hon. P. C. SHANNON, Oakland.
H. P. MUELLER, Ohio town ship.
J. USSELL ERSETT, Robinson township.
W. W. SID, Allegheny.
GEORGE FINLEY, Collins township.
CHAS. ES HARTMAN, McCandless.
Capt. JOHN Y. OUNG, Jr., Roddiman tp.
THOMAS HOWARD, Lawrenceville.
GUY M. IRWIN, Allegheny.
SAMUEL R. CLULEY, Pittsburgh.
JOHN GANGWISCH, Liberty tp.

C. B. M. SMITH,
CHAIRMAN.

jy2-9OTuThs

FRUIT JARS! FRUIT JARS!

We are manufacturers of the

DALBEY & LYMAN

SELF-SEALING FRUIT JARS,

Also, JARS FOR CORKS, and having a heavy stock on hand are prepared to fill all orders promptly, and call the attention of dealers and consumers to these facts.

WM. McCULLY & CO.,

Office, 18 and 20 Wood St., Pittsburgh.

P. S.—Our DALBEY JAR, for cheapness, simplicity and reliability, surpass all others in the market.

jy2-59

ST. CLAIR BILLIARD ROOMS.

A PLEASANT PLACE TO SPEND AN HOUR.

The large and commodious rooms on the

Southwest Corner of St. Clair and Liberty Sts.,

Have been newly fitted up for

First Class Billiard Rooms.

Everything is new, clean and neat, and is under the superintendency of M RUSH R. BRYAN, one of the oldest and most experienced men in the business. Step in and try our tables.

j 2 b48

NOTICE.

W. J. MYERS,

(OF MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,)

Having sold his interest to WM. S. WILT, on April 1st, 1867, retires from the firm and Mr. WILT enters as a partner from that date. The name of the firm will remain as usual, and continue on at their old stand,

No. 45 SMITHFIELD STREET.

jy2b8

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.—ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss.—In the Orphans' Court, in and for said county, No. 66 June Term, 1867. In the matter of the final account of Josiah King, surviving Executor of the estate of Alexander Scott, late of the City of Pittsburgh, deceased.

To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of Alex. Scott, deceased—You and each of you will take notice that Josiah King, surviving executor, has filed his final account as executor of said estate, and that he has made application of the Court to be discharged from any further duty as said executor, and that said Court will on discharged from his trust on the first Saturday of August, unless cause be shown to the contrary.

A. HILANDS, Clerk,
PITTSBURGH, June 29th, 1867. jy2-7

ST. LAWRENCE HOTEL,

(ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

N. E. Cor. Penn & Canal Sts.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES JOHNSON, Proprietor.

This house has been thoroughly refitted and newly furnished throughout, and is now open to the public.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY.

Three Brick Dwelling Houses,

ON PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.

Near Reed Street, each 24 feet by 81. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

No. 66 Smithfield street.

jy2-6t

LINDEN GROVE RE-OPENED.

This well known and popular Grove and the one most convenient to our citizens, is being located [illegible] the

OAKLAND RAILWAY STATION,

will be re-opened to the public, with a new platform, and everything complete for Picnic Parties, on

THE 4TH OF JULY.

Also, the extensive grounds adjoining, formerly the old camp ground, will be rented on reasonable terms to Base Ball Clubs.

For particulars enquire at the

OAKLAND RAILWAY STATION,

jy2-6t OAKLAND.

COAL! COAL!

SEALED PROPOSALS FOR THIRTY THOUSAND BUSHELS OF NUT AND LUMP COAL, to be delivered in the yard of the House of Refuge. Coal to be subject to weight, and put into the bins during July and August.

Proposals to be left at the Office of the Institution, 67 FOURTH STREET, on or before July 11th, at noon.

By order of the

SUPT. Y COMMITTEE.

jy2-5t

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

In the Estate of ZACHEUS PATTERSON, deceased.

The undersigned, appointed Auditor by the Court to distribute the funds in the hands of the Administrator of the above estate, to and among the creditors, will attend for that purpose at his office, No. 87 Grant street, on

Wednesday, July 31, 1867,

at 2 o'clock, P. M., where and when all interested may attend.

H. B. McCORMICK,
jy2-3dsw-wTu Auditor.

GET THE BEST.

JULY 1ST, 1867.

NOW READY FOR DELIVERY,

THE MERCANTILE AGENCY REFERENCE BOOK,

VOLUME 24.

R. G. DUN & CO.,

Cor. FOURTH & WOOD STS.,

jy2m27 PITTSBURGH

N. S. RIDDLE & BRO.,

Practical Plumbers,

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS,

BEAVER STREET, bet. Franklin and Chesnut,

FIFTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.

Have on hand Chandeliers, Pendants, Brackets and all kinds of Gas Fixtures, Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Bar Lead, Gum Hose, Hydraulic Shower Baths, Water Closets, Bath Tubs, Lift, Force and Chain Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, Vitrified Drain Pipe for Sewers. All work warranted to give satisfaction. jy2-2S

SIGN--ENGINE IN THE WINDOW.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

NEW CROP JAPAN TEAS.

PER SHIP BANDA.

Forty chests of the above cargo just received. This Tea has no rival in strength and flavor

Price.....per lb. $1.50
25 chests per ship Benefactor..... 1 25 "

OOLONG—Harvest of 1866-7.

25 chests per ship Dryden. This Tea is among the choicest in the country $1 60 lb.
20 chests per ship Benefactress..... 1 40 "
25 chests per ship Queen of May..... 1 20 "

ENGLISH BREAKFAST TEAS.

A dark drawing, strong and rich Black Tea:

70 pkgs. per ship Hermitage, very choice $1 50 lb.
25 " " Samuel Russell..... 1 40 "
25 " " Amazonia..... 1 00 "

In addition to the above large stock of Black and Japan Teas, we have on hand a full line of Green Teas, which are unrivaled for fineness and delicacy of flavor, comprising

Young Hyson, Gunpowder, and Imperial,

Varying in prices from $1 to $2 50 lb. Orders for less than 5 pounds promptly filled. Send for price lists.

SHIELDS & BOUCHER,

108 Smithfield Street,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

HOUSES FITTED UP WITH

GAS,

Hot and Cold Water, &c.,

By experienced and practical workmen.

JOHN M. TATE,

Plumber and Gas Fitter,

227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and 59 Federal Street, Allegheny.

jy17-wSOTu-THS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAUTION.—The public are hereby cautioned against receiving or cashing any check drawn or issued by me, on the Exchange National Bank of Pittsburgh, as a check signed by me, in blank, was stolen from my residence on Sunday, the 23d of June, during my absence at Church.

CATHARINE McFARLAND.

jy2-3t*

TRADESMEN'S NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, July 1, 1867.

THE DIRECTORS of this bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. (free of Government tax), out of the profits of the last six months.

GEO. T. VAN DOREN, Cashier.

jy2-3t*

UNION NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, July 1, 1867.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS BANK have this day declared a dividend of FIVE (5) PER CENT.,

Out of the earnings of the last six (6) months, payable on demand, free of United States tax.

R. S. SMITH, Cashier.

jy2-3t*

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, July 1, 1867.

THE DIRECTORS OF THIS Bank have this day declared a Dividend of

Six Per Cent.

On the Capital Stock, payable on and after the 10th inst., free of Government tax.

R. W. MACKEY, Cashier.

jy2-3t*

MECHANICS' NATIONAL BANK, Pittsburgh, July 1, 1867.

A DIVIDEND OF

SIX (6) PER CENT.,

Free of United States and State taxes, will be paid on and after the 9th inst.

JNO. G. MARTIN, Cashier.

jy2-3t*

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH (Late Pittsburgh Trust Co.)

PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1867.

The Directors of this bank have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. on the capital stock, out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of U. S. Tax.

jy2-3t D. SCULLY, Cashier.

HAY RAKE WELCOME.

This is the best rake made, and can be used on any kind of ground. It is self-depending, requiring only a child to operate it. It is very simple in its construction. It cannot be equaled as a labor saving machine. Come and examine it. Rights and whole sale and retail at the works, in Columbiana, Ohio, or at No. 349 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

jy2-10t d&TF W. C. WALLACE.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, No. 70 June Term, 1867. In the matter of the estate of FRANK M KINDIG, deceased, S. F. FULTON, Esq., appointed Auditor by the Court, March 4, 1867, to distribute the balance in hands of the Administrator to and among the parties entitled to the same, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, No. 57 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa., on TUESDAY, July 30th, 1867, at 2 o'clock P. M., when and where all parties interested are hereby notified to attend.

S. F. FULTON, Auditor.

jy2-3t&T

NEW BOOK STORE.

Union Sabbath School Book Store.

Bibles and Testaments, Sabbath School Library Books and Requisites, Theological, School and Miscellaneous Books at cost, and all orders promptly filled, as cheap as the cheapest.

E. P. ROE & NEAMAN,

jy2-7DWS 123 Third St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

DIVIDEND.

OFFICE OF THE "PEOPLE'S INSURANCE CO.," PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1867.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a DIVIDEND of

Five Dollars per Share,

Free of Government Tax, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable on and after the 9th inst., as follows: Two Dollars per share in cash, and Three Dollars per share to be credited on Stock Notes.

WILLIAM F. GARDNER,
jy2-9t SECRETARY.

TWENTY-FOURTH

SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT,

OF THE

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK.

LIABILITIES.

Amt due Depositors, June 1, 1867	$2,017,464 07
" Dividend for last six months	54,020 17
" Contingent Fund	50,000 00
	$2,121,484 24

ASSETS.

Loans on Bond and Mortgage	$1,448,750 00
Real Estate	12,242 00
Stock in Manufacturing Bank	50,000 00
U. S. 7 30 Treasury Notes	200,000 00
" 6-20 six per cent. Coupons	100,000 00
" 5-20 "	150,000 75
Bills Receivable	15,000 00
Cash on hand	95,491 49
	$2,121,484 24

The Trustees have declared a Dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. out of the profits for the last six months, payable on demand. Interest to cease on principal of deposits, if not drawn, will bear interest from 1st inst.

A. COLTON, Treasurer.

PITTSBURGH, June 24, 1867.

The undersigned, Auditing Committee, respectfully report that they have examined the Treasurer's Report for the six months ending June 30, 1867, and find the same correct, and that the securities of bonds and Mortgages, Deeds of Real Estate, Certificates of Deposit, Cash in Bank, and Cash in the hands of the Treasurer, are all correct, and correspond with the said Report.

J. G. BACKOFFEN,
ISAAC H. PAWTHER,
JOHN H. HOPE,
Auditing Committee.

PITTSBURGH, June 24, 1867. jy2-2t&3T

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

RICHARD BREED & CO.,

IMPORTERS,

No. 100 Wood Street.

BRITTANIA AND SILVER PLATED TABLE WARE, TEA TRAYS AND TABLE CUTLERY, always on hand.

GLASS GOODS,
CHINA DINNER SETS,
CHINA TOILET SETS,
CHINA VASES,
CHINA SPITTOONS,
BOHEMIAN WARE of every description,
LAVA CAMD BASKETS,
LAVA VASES,
LAVA SPITTOONS,
ENGLISH BRIER PIPES, all of all varieties, in suit who cause and retail trade.

The largest and most complete stock of every thing in this line in the city.

Prices and terms the same as in the eastern cities.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

No. 115 Wood Street,

Have just opened a large new stock of seasonable

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Which they offer at EASTERN PRICES. Merchants wanting up-town goods will do well to call at

No. 115 Wood Street.

C. ARBUTHNOT W. T. SHANNON J. G. STEPHENSON

jy29

TO HOUSE BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

The largest assortment of

GRATES, all Sizes;

Cooking Ranges & Stoves,

Of the VERY BEST QUALITY, for sale at

VERY LOW PRICES, BY

BISSELL & CO.,

jy27-3d No. 235 LIBERTY ST.

JOHN SWEENEY

Will Open, on the 1st of July, a

First Class Dining Room,

At 43 Washington St.

CHOICE ALE AND FINE CIGARS

Will be found at the Counter.

jy28-3t*

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF HORSES.

DR. WEST begs to inform his friends and the public that he has removed his office and stables from the Red Lion yard to ST. CHARLES STABLES, opposite rear end of the St. Charles Hotel, Third street. Sick and Lame Horses taken in and skillfully treated, at a moderate charge. Horses of any description also sent for and returned, between Ohio street and Rock on avenue. Office in latter and residence in the former place. Special attention will be given to buying, selling, selecting and investing horses; and, with his experience of M. A. CUSHING, (who may be seen at his residence, corner of East Lane and Liberty St., Allegheny,) to give satisfaction in this line in the city. Veterinary Surgeon, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Refers, by permission, to the following gentlemen: Wm. Bingham, M.D., D. D. Stevenson, M.D., John Rinker, M.D., D. S. Evans. jy2-7d

T. BRENT SWEARINGEN.....WM. G. MCANDLESS.

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENCY.

SWEARINGEN & M'CANDLESS,

No. 111 FOURTH ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

General Agents for Western Pennsylvania of

Continental Life Insurance Co.,

OF NEW YORK.

FIRE, LIVE STOCK and all descriptions of Insurance effected in responsible Companies, at lowest rates. jy26-12t*

CITY COLLECTING AGENCY.

D. L. SMITH.....A. S. SEATON.....C. G. SEATON.

SMITH, SEATON & SEATON,

Local Collecting Agents,

No. 6 ST. CLAIR STREET, 2ND FLOOR,

P. O. BOX, 941. PITTSBURGH.

Bills of all descriptions taken for collection. No charge made where Bills are not collected.

jy27-3d

BUSINESS MAN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

Nos. 6 and 8 St. Clair Street.

Has a Penitential Charter.

Book-Keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, time unlimited.....$40 00
Arithmetic and Penmanship per quarter of three months..... 20 00
Penmanship, per month..... 8 00

For Circulars or Specimens, address

N. SHAFFER, or
J. F. McCLA

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

NEW AND

DESIRABLE GOODS!

JUST RECEIVED AT

JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S.

Pointed Trimming Ribbons;
Plain Trimming Ribbons, all shades;
Jet and Crystal Gimps and Fringes;
Colored Ball Trimmings;
White Cotton and Ball Fringes;
A full line of Alexandre's Kid Gloves;
Misses' Oxford, Neapolitan, Silk and Kid Gloves;
Silk and Cotton Lace Hose;
Gent's, Ladies', Misses' and Infants' Hosiery;
Sun Umbrellas and Parasols;
Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Lace Goods &c.;
Duplex Reception Skirt;
Corsets, Belting and Buckles;
Palm, Linen and Silk Fans;
Gauze Underwear, for Ladies, Gents and Children;
Bead Collars & Belts, something new;

And a large stock of NOTIONS, of all kinds, at low Prices: Call and examine.

77 and 79 Market Street.

my25:w3d

NEW DRY GOODS STORE!

OPEN

Monday, June 17th,

WITH A LARGE STOCK OF

NEW DRY GOODS,

HOSIERY,

NOTIONS, SHAWLS,

Cassimeres and Cloths,

WHICH WILL BE SOLD

Wholesale and Retail,

AT LOWEST CASH PRICES!

S. C. HESS,

No. 100 Ohio Street,

(Corner of Ohio and Commons,)

ALLEGHENY.

je19:w3d

JUST OPENED,

AT

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 *Fifth Street*,

An elegant assortment of

Sun Shades and Parasols,

NEW BUTTONS AND TRIMMINGS,

ENGLISH BONNET AND TRIMMING RIBBONS,

SPRING SHADES OF

THE BEST KID GLOVES.

"STAR" SHIRTS.

BEST PAPER COLLARS AND CUFFS.

We have just opened a full line of all sizes and colors of the celebrated

"SS" Kid Glove, at $1.10 per Pair.

We are authorized to guarantee every pair of the gloves sold. Should they rip or tear putting on, they can be exchanged for another pair.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

No. 19 Fifth Street.

my1

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

J. M. BURGHFIELD & CO.,

No. 37 Market Street,

Have just opened a new stock of goods at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

ORGANDIE LAWNS, for 25c. worth 50.
Do. do. 31c. worth 50.
FRENCH LAWNS, for 25c. worth 50.
GRENADINES, for 37½c. worth 75.
GINGHAMS, for 12½c. worth 20.
BLEACHED MUSLINS, for 12½c. worth 20.
WHITE NAINSOOK, WHITE SWISS;
FRENCH MULLS, WHITE P. K.'S;
PLAID MUSLINS, WHITE FLANNELS;
LINEN LAWNS, IRISH LINENS.

THIS IS THE BEST AND

CHEAPEST STOCK OF GOODS,

IN THE CITY.

Remember the place, 37 MARKET STREET.

je8:nw99

NEW GOODS!

ARRIVING DAILY, AT

W. H. MILLER'S,

No. 64 Market Street.

Embroideries, Laces,
Trimmings, Hosiery,
Parasols, Fans, Hoop Skirts,
Corsets, Notions,
Hats, Bonnets,
Flowers, Ribbons,
Gents' Furnishing Goods,
Satchels, Wallets, Portmonaies, &c.

No 64 MARKET ST., opposite J. W. Barker's.

je21:w2d

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

Third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

NO VACATION.

Prof. H. ROHBOCK

Will continue to give

Instructions on the Piano and Organ.

Being provided with a LARGE and PERFECT ORGAN, students have every opportunity to study that delightful instrument.

App y at residence, No. 31 FERRY STREET, second door from Third street. je28:w27:TUF

OHIO AVENUE

DRUG STORE,

JUST OPENED, where may be found a select stock of

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

American and Foreign PERFUMES, TOILET ARTICLES, and everything in the line of a first class Drug Store. Physicians' Prescriptions compounded at all hours, day or night, carefully, neatly, quickly

M. R. MERCER.

Corner Ohio Avenue and Lincoln Streets.

je15:s81 ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

WILLIAMSON'S

DINING ROOMS,

No. 36 Market St.,

(Between Second and Third Streets,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

The house is newly furnished with everything that constitutes a first class Eating House. The choicest of everything the market affords will be served up at all hours of the day or night.

LADIES' DINING ROOMS, second floor.

J. H. WILLIAMSON, Proprietor.

☞ The highest market price paid for all kinds of seasonable game. je19:w72

DR. J. A. HERRON

HAS REMOVED

His Office and Residence to

No. 14 SMITHFIELD ST.,

Nearly opposite the Monongahela House.

my15:3

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS

SINGERLY & CLEIS,

(Successors to Geo. F. Schuchman & Co.)

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS,

THE ONLY STEAM LITHOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT WEST OF THE MOUNTAINS.

Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c. Nos. 74 and 76 Third st., Pitts

FOR ASSEMBLY.

WILLIAM B. ROSS,

Of Allegheny City, will be a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Republican County Convention. ap15:x45

DRY GOODS, TRIMMIN

NOW IN STOCK,

AT

EATON'S.

A Large Assortment

White Marseilles;
Buff and White Brilliants;
Undressed Cambric;
Striped and Barred Jaconet;
Do. do. Nainsook;
Bishops Lawn, Indian Mull;
Bird Eye Linen, Dimity;
Irish Linens;
Corded Skirting Muslin;
Shirred Muslin;

AT LOWEST CASH PRICES, AT

F. H. EATON'S,

17 Fifth Street,

je26:v12

RECEIVED THIS DAY.

MACRUM, CLYDE & CO.,

78 and 80 Market Street,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF TRIMMINGS,

Jet Bead and Bugle Gimps and Fringes
Crystal Bead Gimps and Drop Trimmings.
Jet and Crystal Ornaments,
Fancy Silk and Jet Drop Buttons,
Fine Assortment of Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
English Bonnet and Trimming Ribbons, all widths and shades.
Colored Velvet Ribbons,
Elegant Assortment Real Point and Applique Laces and Handkerchiefs.

FULL LINE ALEXANDRE'S KID GLOVES

The Jobbing Trade will find a complete stock of the above goods in our Wholesale Department, together with a great variety of

Fancy Goods & Notions Generally,

AT EASTERN PRICES.

my21:w80

DENNISON & HECHERT,

No. 27 Fifth Street,

ARE SELLING

KID GLOVES for.....$1.00.
KID GLOVES, only.....1.00.
KID GLOVES, only.....1.00.

STRAW HATS for.....25c.
STRAW HATS for.....25c.

FINER STRAW HATS for.....50c.
FINER STRAW HATS for.....50c.

LADIES' HOSE, 15c. per pair, or two pair for 25 cents.

LADIES' HOOP SKIRTS, 50c., 60c., 75c., 80c., 90c. and $1.00.

DENNISON & HECKERT.

je28:

AUCTION SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

The undersigned, assignee of JAMES R. LINDSAY, will sell at public auction, on

MONDAY, the 8th Day of July, 1867,

At 10 o'clock a. m., at the Warehouse, No. 118 and 120 FIRST ST., Kittanning, the following personal property:

The stock of goods in said Warehouse consisting of Bar Lumber's Tools, Picks, Mattocks, Hatchet, Grass Hooks, Crow Bars, &c.

And also will be put up for sale, on the premises, in Allegheny City, at No. 127 JACKSON street, on the day aforesaid, at 2 o'clock p. m., the stock and fixtures of No. 61, and a large quantity of partially manufactured goods, to wit: Blacksmith's Tools, Bellows, Grab Hooks, &c., &c. Also, one horse, harness, and two Wagons, and the goods and materials generally of said an assignee

PH. R. MERTZ,

BANKER AND BROKER,

118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.

Government Securities,

Gold, Silver,

And Coupons,

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

ALL SERIES 7 3-10 BONDS

Converted into 5-20's, 1865,

BONDS DELIVERED IMMEDIATELY.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.,

Bankers,

Cor. Fourth & Wood Streets.

TO HOLDERS OF 7-30'S.

Having made special arrangements with

Jay Cooke & Co.,

Our correspondents, we are prepared to convert 7-30's into 5-20's of 1865.

Bonds on Hand for Delivery.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Bankers.

CORNER FOURTH AND SMITHFIELD STS.

my14:-38

7-30 BONDS

CONVERTED INTO

5-20 BONDS, 1865,

WITHOUT CHARGE.

Stocks bought and sold on commission in New York, Philadelphia and Boston.

ROBINSON BROS.,

No. 78 FOURTH STREET.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

JAMES DALZELL & SON,

69 and 70 Water Street,

LARD OIL MANUFACTURERS,

And dealers in CRUDE, LUBRICATING and CARBON OILS.

We warrant our No. 1 Lard Oil equal to the best Cincinnati, or other brands, and propose to sell as low as Cincinnati or Chicago rates.

Our No. 2 Lard Oil as a Lubricator cannot be excelled.

Disk Crank Lubricating and standard brands of Carbon Oil constantly on hand.

Merchants and manufacturers will find it to their interest to give us a call before ordering Lard Oil from the West.

jy2:39

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 1, 1866.

There are no new features in the general markets worthy of special notice. The demand for most of the leading commodities is restricted almost entirely to supplying immediate wants, while so far as prices are concerned, there are no changes of any importance, though the tendency is again downward.

GRAIN—We can report a sale of 1 car No. 3 Club Wheat at $2,55. Oats steady, with a fair local demand; we continue to quote at 65@66c, on track, and 68@70c, in store. Corn is quiet, but prime Yellow is still quoted at 90c. Rye is quiet and nominal at $1,29@1,35. Barley is nominal at $1@1,10 for good to prime Spring.

FLOUR—Is less active, and under the influence of increased arrivals and adverse reports from abroad, the market is a little weak, and the tendency is again downward. We now quote at $11,50@12 for Spring Wheat; $12,75@13,50 for Winter Wheat, and $17,00 for fancy brands. Rye Flour, $8,25@8,50.

PROVISIONS—Bacon is quiet but steady, with regular jobbing sales at 9¼c for Shoulders; 11½@12¾c for Ribbed and Clear Sides, and 17c for Sugar Cured Hams. Lard is dull, and nominal at 12½@13¼c. Dried Beef, 23½c, and Mess Pork, $25,50.

POTATOES—There is a fair local demand, and we can report regular sales of prime Peach Blows in store at $1,20 per bushel. New Potatoes are selling at $6 per bbl.

EGGS—The demand was rather better today, and under the influence of reduced receipts, the market is a shade firmer; we now quote fresh packed at 18@19.

BUTTER—Continues very dull; prime fresh Butter may be quoted at 18@19c. Common packs Butter is hard to sell at any price.

CHEESE—In steady, with regular sales at 14@16c, according to quality.

HAY—There is not much inquiry, and with a prospect of a big yield, the market is a little dull, though prices are nominally unchanged.

OIL—Lard Oil is still quoted by manufacturers at 95c for No. 2, and $1,05@1,05 for No. 1.

DRIED FRUIT—Continues exceedingly dull and there is no prospect of any improvement. We continue to quote in a retail way at 3½@4c for Apples, and 9@12c for Peaches.

SEEDS—There is next to nothing doing, and there are no established quotations.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, July 1, 1866.

CRUDE—The market was again very quiet to-day, the only sale we had reported being one thousand barrels to be delivered on first water, on private terms. For spot oil there seems to be some little inquiry, but holders are asking an advance, and buyers, as yet, do not seem disposed to pay it. The former are asking about seven cents, while the latter would buy at 6@6½c, and possibly at 6¾c. For first water, buyers could doubtless be found at 7c, while holders are asking 7¼@7½c. For all 1868, buyers option, there are still offers to buy, we believe, at 12½c, buyers option, but so far as we can learn, no sellers. From the above, it will be seen that there is a stiffer feeling on the part of sellers, but, as yet, there is no disposition manifested on the part of buyers to buy at the advance. A telegram from Oil City to-day quoted crude at $2 bbl.

REFINED—There are no new characteristics in the market for bonded oil worthy of special notice. The expected panic in Philadelphia, on Saturday, did not take place, in other words, there was no "corner," and while the market is, if anything, quieter, a better feeling seems to prevail, and confidence for the present, at least, is pretty well restored. We have but a single sale to report, 3,000 barrels standard white, 360 each month from July to December, at 26c. Compared with last week, this is an advance, as we heard of offers to sell for same delivery at 25½c.

ARRIVALS—But one arrival reported, 669 bbls for Capt. Jas. Wilkins.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Clark & Sumer, 360 bbls refined to P Wright & Sons, Phila; H Koehler & Co, 270 do do to Waring, King & Co, Phila; Brady & Warner, 240 do do to Waring, King & Co, Phila; B W Morgan & Co, 200 do do to W G Warden; Phila; Aladdin Oil Co, 173 do do to Tack Bros & Co, Phila.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co, 162 bbls refined to W G Warden, Phila; Duncan & Williams, 118 do do to W F Logan & Bros, Phila; Chas Eeky, 300 do crude, in bulk, to John Wright, Phila; Clarke & Co, 50 bbls refined to J B A Allen & Sons, Phila; Union, Ref'g, 28 Co, 116 do do to Waring, King & Co, Phila.

New York Produce Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, July 1.—Cotton dull and unchanged; sales 900 bales at 26¼c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts of 4,300 bbls; market 20@25c lower; moderate business doing chiefly for local trades; sales 6,000 bbls at 9,45@10 for superfine State and western, 48,75@10,00 for extra western, $10,40@12,00 for choice do, $10,20@11,25 for shipping brands extra Ohio, $11,00@12,75 for fancy trade brands, $9,50@11,30 for spring St. Louis, and $11@17 for winter do, closing heavy. California flour; sales 500 bbls at $14@14,25. Whisky quiet and steady. Wheat receipts, 7,250 bush; market dull and 3@5c lower; sales 2,000 bush No 2 Milwaukee at $2,25, and 500 do in parcels at $2,34@2,35, which is above the market price; also 10,000 bush No 2 and rejected Chicago mixed at $1,70 delivered. Rye at 80 bbls new western at $1,35. Corn—receipts nominal at $1,25@1,35 for western. Barley and Barley Malt quiet. Corn receipts 22,478 bush; market unchanged with a light supply; sales 48,000 bus b at $1,06@1,08 for new mixed western, $1,09@1,10 for choice do, $1,04@1,04 for unsound, $1,12 for old mixed western, $1,05 for klln dressed western, and $1,10@1,11 for western yellow. Receipts of Oats, 39,000 bush; market 1@2c better; sales 29,000 bush at 75@77c for western; and 84@85c for Ohio. Stock of grain—wheat, 1,529,078 bush corn, 213,026; oats, 28,476; rye, 31,162; barley, 19,939; barley malt, 17,500. Rice dull and unchanged. Coffee firm, with a good demand for Rio, large sales at private terms. Sugar firm; sales of 2,000 hhds, fair to good refining, at 11½@11¾c. Molasses dull and heavy; sales of 125 hhds Porto Rico at 32c. Hops quiet. Petroleum dull, at 13¾@14c for crude; and 24@24½c for refined, in bond; sales of 1,000 bbls refined in bond; buyers 60 days at 27c. Pork opened heavy and closed more firmly; sales of 4,250 bbls at $29,95@31,10, for new mess; closing at $31,05, cash; $30,90, buyers August; prime nominal at $21@21,12, prime mess; the stock of old and new is 97,923 bbls, and for the same date last year was 87,500 bbls. Beef firmer; sales of 135 bbls at $18@24 for new plain mess; and $22@28 for new extra mess; the stock of old and new is 21,225 packages, and for the same date last year, 10,078 packages. Beef hams dull; sales of 85 bbls at $28@33,50. Bacon scarce and wanted; sales of 275 boxes, 30 hhds Cumberland cut, 10,000 lbs for short ribbed; and 12½c for city long. Cut meats dull; sales of 220 packages at 8¾@9½c, for shoulders; 12@13c for hams. Lard dull and heavy; sales of 730 bbls at 11¾@12½c for new. Butter dull and heavy, at 16@22c for Ohio, Chicago lower, at 12@15. Cheese—freights to Liverpool quiet and firm; 19,000 bus wheat by steamer, at 9 pence.

LATER, 5 P. M.—Flour closed dull at 10@ 20c lower with only limited jobbing trade demand. Wheat dull and heavy and nominally at 2@3c lower; the rapid decline in flour has affected millers out of market. Rye nominal at $1,26@1,30, for western. Oats quiet at 74@ 76; for western; 83@84 for Ohio. Corn dull at $1,06@1,08 for new western mixed; $1,09@ 1,10 for small parcels of very choice do. Pork steady; sales of 500 barrels of Mess at $21,00 cash, and closing sellers at $21,10 cash, and $21,50@ regular buyers at $21,00 cash and regular. Beef quiet and very firm; Cut meats nominally unchanged. Bacon firm with a fair inquiry; Middling Cumberland cut, and 11½@11¾c for short rib. Lard dull and heavy at 12¾@12¾c for fair to prime steamed, and 13½c for kettle rendered.

Chicago Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, July 1.—The Flour market is dull and 15@25c lower, with sales of Spring Extras at $9,00@10 75; and Rye Flour at $6 @7. The demand for Wheat is light, and prices declined 5c per bushel, with sales of No 2 Spring at $1,70@1,74, closing at $1,70@ 1,72 for the former. Corn is fairly active, but 1½c per bushel lower, with sales of No 1 at 81@82½c, closing at the inside; No 2 at 78@80c. Canal Corn is more active, with sales of No 1 at 82c, and No 2 at 80c. Oats 1c dull and 2c lower, with sales of No 2 at 66@66c, closing quiet at the inside figure. Rye is dull and 2c lower, closing at $1,01@1,02 for No 1 in store. There is no movement in Barley, and the quotations are entirely nominal. Provisions are quiet and almost nominal. Mess Pork is quoted at $20 50@ 21 00. Clear Sides, boxed, sold at 11¾c, and steam rendered Lard 11c. The stock of Provisions held here is estimated at 30,000 bbls Mess Pork; 4,500,000 lbs bulk meats; and 35,000 tierces of lard. Freights are moderately active, with engagements at 3½@4c for corn, 4c for rye, and 5c for wheat, by steam, 3c for corn by sail to Buffalo, and 5½c for corn by sail to Oswego. Receipts—23,000 bbls flour; 7,200 bushels wheat; 150,000 bushels corn, and 23 000 bushels oats. Shipments—6,300 barrels flour; 700 bushels wheat; 197,000 bushels corn, and 67,000 bushels oats.

St. Louis Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ST. LOUIS, July 1.—Tobacco steady. Cotton quiet, at 22@23½c. Hemp unchanged. Flour very dull and unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 spring, at $1,75; new fall, at $2,20 @2,35; old fall, at $2,50@2,70 for prime and choice. Corn; low grades entirely neglected and only saleable at a large decline; the prices range at 84@86c. Oats opened firm but closed easier, at 78@80c. Rice inactive, at $1,02@1,08. Provisions; rather more doing. Mess Pork, at $26,50. Bacon; clear sides, at 12¾@13c; clear rib sides, at 11¾c; shoulders, at 9@9½c.

Milwaukee Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

MILWAUKEE, July 1.—Flour firm; city double extra, $10,75@11,50; country do, $10,25@ 10,50. Wheat firm, at $2,20 for No. 1; $1,90@ 2,05 for No. 2, and $1,75 for No. 3. Oats dull, at 52c for No. 1, and 52c for No. 2. Corn nominal, at 82c for old No. 1. Receipts—900 barrels flour, 8,600 bush wheat; 3,800 bush oats, and 2,400 bush corn. Shipments—3,800 barrels flour; 21,000 bush wheat; 15,000 bush oats, and 21,000 bush corn.

Toledo Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

TOLEDO, July 1.—Flour drooping. Wheat dull and lower; sales of white Michigan at $2,30. Corn without material change, at 80c for No. 1 and 78@79c for No. 2. Oats unchanged. Lake freights dull and nominal. Receipts for the past week—1,800 barrels flour; 3,300 bush wheat; 135,000 bush corn, and 7,000 bush oats. Shipments—1,700 barrels flour; 2,200 bush wheat; 14,000 bush corn, and 20,000 bush oats.

Louisville Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, July 1.—No sales tobacco; the Annual Kentucky Tobacco Fair will be held here to-morrow. Flour dull; superfine $8. New Wheat $2@2,15. Corn 82@90c for shelled delivered. Oats 74@75c bulk. Mess Pork $21,25. Bacon—shoulders, 9½@12c; clear sides, 12½c; packed hams advanced ½c. Lard 11¾c. Whisky $2,30 in bond. Kentucky bagging 20½@22½c.

Financial Matters in New York.

Gold Closed at 138¾@138¾.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, July 1, 1867.

GOLD AND MONEY.

Money easy and steady at 6@6 per cent. sterling steady at 9½@10c, gold, for first class bills. Gold without decided change, opening at 138¾, and declining to 138¾, and closing 138¾@138¾.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government stocks firm with fair inquiry. Closing quotations: Sixes, '81 coupons 105; 10 5 20's, do coupons '62, 106¾; do '64, 107½; do '65, 107¾; do new 107¾; 10's 106¾.

STOCKS.

Stocks opened buoyant and advanced materially with much animation and excitement. This was continued until the second board, when a decline was submitted to the lower rates made at the last open board subsequently. The *Express* says there has been very heavy realizations, but the market has taken all stocks offered and advanced quiet, outside public buying is more freely than for a long time past; the market closed steady.

WEEKLY BANK STATEMENT.

Loans, $212,547,954; decrease, $109,202. Specie, $7,798,806; decrease, $1,630,569. Circulation, $33,542,696; increase, $204,670. Deposits, $186,213,257; increase, $6,736,087. Legal tenders, $70,174,756; increase, $7,356,954.

CLOSING PRICES.

Ohio Certificates, 26¾; Cumberland 35¼@ 37¾; Quicksilver, 31¾@32; Mariposa, 10@10¼; Western Union Telegraph, 45@45¾; Pacific Mail, 109@111; Atlantic, 109@110; New York Central, 104¼@104¾; Erie, 96¾@96¾; Reading, 103@103¾; Michigan Southern, 77¼@78; Illinois Central, 121¾@122; Pittsburgh, 86@ 86¾; Cleveland and Toledo, 124@124; Rock Island and Pacific, 96¾@97¾; Northwestern, 45@45¾; preferred, 66@66¾; Fort Wayne, 100@100¾; Toledo and Wabash, 47.

MISSOURI INTEREST.

The interest on the Missouri debt, paid to-day, is the last coupon due, and it is the intention to pay them regularly hereafter. The back coupons will be paid and the balance funded soon. The money due the State by the General Government is paid. Last sales of Missouri's at 95.

GOVERNMENT JULY INTEREST.

The Treasury Department to-day commenced paying the usual July interest on the public debt. The amount to be paid is about $18,000,000, which includes the interest on 1881 and Consolidated Five-Twenty bonds, as well as the old bonds of the Government. Three million two hundred and fifty-five thousand dollars were paid to-day. The conversion of seven thirty notes into Five-twenty bonds of 1867, to-day reached $1,700,000. These bonds opened at 105¾@ 106¾.

SUB-TREASURY.

Receipts, $5,284,330, including customs and gold notes, $2,825,000; pay ments, $5,443,673; balance, $132,308,825.

MINING SHARES

Generally firmer. Gregory, 745; Quartz Hill 105; Corydon 180; Smith & Parmlee 95; Wallkill 48@50; La Crosse 95@96.

Cincinnati Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, July 1.—Flour dull and prices a shade lower; family, $12,00@13,00; no demand for lower grades. Wheat dull and nominal; little offering, but millers are holding back; a lot of 150 bus new red sold at $2,36; the quality is good, but the grain soft. Corn quiet and nothing enough doing to quote; No. 1 sold at 74@75c. Oats, 68@69c. Cotton dull at 25@26c for middling. Whisky steady; sales of 300 bbls New York at 92c, the latter the rate asked, but the demand is light; holders are not offering their stock at current rates. Bulk Meats in demand at 9@10c, but held high. Bacon held at 9¾@10c and 12¾c for shoulders, sides and clear sides, and 15c for clear rib sides, but little is moving being above the views of buyers, there was not much done, and the few sales made were at old rates. Hams in active demand for sugar cured; 14c for common, 15c for good and prices nominal. Butter dull, but unchanged. Lard, 12c. Gold, 138¾. Sterling Exchange steady. Receipts 1,000 bbls, and forty-eight hours—Corn, 4,300 bus; coffee, 238 bags; cotton, 332 bales; flour, 400 bbls; oats, 1,075 bus, wheat, 705 bus, hams, 50 tcs. Shipments—Corn, 1,200 bus; coffee, 164 bags; cotton, 277 bales; flour, 300 bbls; wheat, 2,300 bus; whiskey, 100 bbls.

New Orleans Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—Cotton—sales of 350 bales, low middling at 24½c. Receipts, 57 bales; exports, 3,808 bales. No Louisiana sugar or molasses at wholesale. Cuba molasses dull and quoted at 47@50c for prime to choice. Porto Rico sugar, lic. Flour quiet; superfine scarce, at $11; choice, $16,30. Corn firm, but still small, white, $1,30. Oats scarce, at 80c. Pork, $25. Bacon brisk, and in jobbing demand; shoulders, 10¾@10¾c; side sides, 13¾c; clear sides, 13@13½c. Hard—no sales. Gold, 138¾. Sterling, 149@150. New York Exchange, ¼ per cent. premium.

Oswego Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OSWEGO, July 1.—Flour in good demand chiefly; sales of 1,500 bbls; the market is unchanged. Rye flour steady at $7,50. Wheat quiet; sales of 1,000 bu No 2 Milwaukee at $2,27½; 300 bu No 2 Canadian spring at $2,02½, and 300 bu do choice Canada at $2. Corn, oats and rye nominal. Canal freights steady; corn se to New York. Lake Imports 2,500 bbls flour, 22,000 bu wheat, and 20,000 bu corn.

Baltimore Market.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, July 1.—Flour unchanged and prices favor buyers. Wheat—sales of new white at $2,26; prime red $2,05. Corn—sales of white at $1,09@1,06 for prime and 90c for inferior; prime yellow $1,06@1,08. Oats 84@ 86c. Rice $1,37. Provisions, whisky, cotton and groceries unchanged.

JUST RECEIVED, AT

ROBERTS & SHERRATT'S

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware Manufactory,

NO. 61 SMITHFIELD ST., PITTSBURGH.

A new supply of Ice Chests, Ice Picks and Pitchers, Refrigerators, Beer Coolers, Ice Cream Freezers, and Safes, Water Coolers, Ice Ladders, and a full line of House-furnishing Goods. Also, manufacturers of GAMMEMAN'S STEAM COOKING APPARATUS, for meats, vegetables, puddings, &c. je6:3m

GEO. O. CLARK.....H. WATKINS.....D. F. BAY.

IRON CITY BELT WORKS.

CEO. O. CLARK & CO.,

Manufacturers of every description of Patent, Stretched, Cemented and Riveted Oak-Tanned

Leather Belting.

No. 409 LIBERTY ST., (2d floor,) opposite Union Depot, Pittsburgh. jeth:27

C. M. GEARING,

Planing Mill, Sash & Door Factory,

Corner BUTLER and ALLEGHENY STREETS, Ninth Ward, and No. 13 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh.

Turning, Fluting Brackets, Block Letters and Shaped and Strait Moulding done to order. All kinds of work connected with the trade. Orders from the country promptly attended to. my12:3m

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

Between Liberty and Ferry streets.

Orders promptly attended to. my15:3m

HEADQUARTERS

FOR THE FOURTH.

FIREWORKS.

Of all descriptions, at

GEORGE SULELEIN'S.

No. 40 Federal street, Allegheny.

NEW ICE CREAM SALOON.

P. H. McGUIRE,

No. 89 FIFTH STREET, above Smithfield, opposite St. Clair's Methodist Church, ICE CREAM, SODA WATER, FANCY CAKES, FRUIT, CONFECTIONARY &c.

Parties and private families supplied at short notice and reasonable terms. je9:3

LEMON SYRUP.

THE PLACE TO GET

PURE LEMON SYRUP,

Manufactured from the juice of Lemon, is at

L. D. DUMMETT'S CANDY MANUFACTORY,

je4:38 No. 207 LIBERTY STREET,

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.

FULTON, BOLLMAN & CO.,

Manufacture the best

CORDAGE,

OAKUM,

AND

TWINES, in every variety.

Warehouse, 111 & 115 Water St.

Call or send for Circular. ap1:3m

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede rapidly at this point, with but twenty-two inches in the channel by the marks last evening. The weather continues clear and hot, and it is probable that there will be no July freshet; indeed, it would not be surprising if the river should keep down for the next two months.

There has been no arrivals or departures, and business is almost wholly suspended at the wharf. The Julia No. 2 has been chartered to take the place of the Express in the Wheeling and Parkersburg trade.

The New Orleans *Picayune* has the following account of the accident to the tow of the M. V. T. Company's steamer Bee:

As the Bee and barges came in yesterday she let go a barge coutaing hay and corn, for the purpose of the tug boat Continental (which is employed to tow the barges about the port) taking hold of her. The Continental, by some means, after having the barge in tow, ran against the Bee, and the barge was so much injured that we think the freight that was on the barge will be so much damaged that it will not be worth much.

The St. Louis *Republican* says: The steamer Robert E. Lee, on a late trip up the river, and when near Cole's Creek Island, drowned a Yankee sheet iron peddler, who was standing in a meditative mood on the jack staff of a tow boat which the Lee passed, the swell of the famous clipper caused the peddler to lose his balance and he fell into the river never to rise.

The Memphis *Avalanche* says: We learn from good authority that the Richmond and General Lytle are to be placed in the Memphis and New Orleans trade, connecting with the Memphis and Ohio Railroad, and making a week's trips. We also hear that the Wm. A. Arthur and Mollie Able are to be placed in the same trade."

The joint resolution adopted by Congress in regard to a ship canal at the falls of the Ohio provides that an engineer of the corps of engineers shall be appointed to make a survey for a canal on the Indiana side of the river, and also make an estimate of the cost of completing the Louisville and Portland canal, now in process of construction. He is simply to report the facts to the President, who will in turn submit them to Congress for its action.

The Louisville *Courier*, of Saturday, says: The Richmond yesterday was in receipt of hydraulic pumps, by means of which her cylinders will have to be raised in order to fit on the new head. This is a heavy job, yet Capt. Neal expects it to be completed in ten days.

The St. Louis *Democrat* and *Republican* contain the following items:

The most interesting event of the day was the general departure of three fast boats for the Upper Mississippi: Sheket Skein, for St. Paul, at 4:25 p. m.; Phil Sheridan at 4:35, and Belle of Lake. The haughty Sucker was soon out of sight, perhaps to be overhauled and perhaps beaten, but likely not before making a run. The audacious Sheridan, palpitating with concealed power, waited until the elegant Pike Belle, the pride of the Illinois, brought her swiftly within some 60 feet of her, when she made a rush, and left her behind in a creaking speed. The Belle, though at this time in the very act of passing another boat, the latter the Lucy Bertram, and it was thought for a second that these boats had come together and locked, but when she was seen to slide steadily past the stung Lucy, shouts of grateful excitement attested admiration created by the handsome exploit. To our eye it seemed, when the Sheridan and Belle were fairly round the bend, as if the Illinois champion would be alongside the Sheridan in about an hour. The Dubuque *Times* is not well informed when it asserts the Itasca made the quickest trip from St. Paul to Dubuque. The time is given as twenty hours and thirty-five minutes. Here are the facts. The Itasca left St. Paul 7 p. m. Friday; arrived at Dubuque 6:30 p. m. Saturday; time, twenty-three and a half hours. The Sucker made almost the same trip, was twenty-two hours and thirty-one minutes from St. Paul to Dubuque, and made twenty-three landings. Her actual running time was twenty hours and five minutes. Let us enlighten the Dubuque papers. In 1859, the Dr. Franklin No. 2, a side-wheeler of the olden days, went from St. Paul to Galena, twenty-six miles further than Dubuque, in twenty-two hours and thirty minutes; with Hiram Bell, now engaged at the time. About fifteen years ago the West Newton and Nonimpa made better time than the Itasca's on her late brag trip. Other boats have frequently beat it. The Sucker record has beaten it before. The new steamer Dubuque on her last trip, a regular business trip, 81 landings made, made it in less than twenty-three hours.

Yesterday was a lively day for arrivals from the far up Missouri, no less than six steamers having arrived, viz: Steamer Spread Eagle, Josh Johns, Amelia Poe, and Nile, from Fort Benton; Carrie Ireon Buford, Jennie Lewis, from near Fort Sully. Fortunately steamers were of the business portion of the public wharf at noon yesterday. We were pleased to see on change the pleasing countenance of the genial clerk of the popular craft, R. C. Gray. He is up the city for a few days on a trip partially on business and partially on pleasure. The steamer J. G. Blackford, lately purchased by Capt. H. L. Lee, is now in the Cairo trade. The boat is pronounced one of the best that has been taken out this season. The Robert E. Lee, on a late trip up the river, and when near Cole's Creek Island, drowned a sheet iron peddler, who was standing in a meditative mood on the jack staff of a tow boat which the Lee passed; the swell of the famous clipper caused the peddler to loose his balance and he fell into the river never to rise. The side-wheel steamer Nile arrived about 4 p. m. yesterday, having made the run from Fort Benton to this port in the unprecedented quick time of ten and a half days. The round trip was made in twenty-three days, which, considering the weather and bad river she had to contend with going up, is a remarkable quick trip. She left Fort Benton June 14. Ben Johnson arrived the afternoon. Ids—Met Ida Stockdale at Pabiste, Gladden above and Key Stone State, Cook, at Round Rute. 16th—Passed Yorktown at Dry Fork.

The Cincinnati *Commercial*, of Saturday, says: Captain Scott, of the steamer Shamrock Pittsburgh last evening. The Shamrock cleared for St. Louis last evening with a splendid trip. Capt. John Hannah, of Arkansas, arrived in the city yesterday; he is in splendid condition. Commodore Dean arrived yesterday from the South. The Golden Eagle dropped down yesterday for the docks and left with the tow Harry Dean for Memphis. The Emma No. 3 and wanata are loading for New Orleans. The Ruth, winning fame by her quick trips these days, has the machinery of the H. R. W. Hill, an old Nashville and New Orleans steamer, commanded by Captain Smith, of Louisville. Bannock City is in dock at Leclaire, having been run into by the Northern Belle in a fog, and damaged about $1,500. She will be ready to fill after harvest home. The Monsoon met with an accident at Grand Encore, and returned to New Orleans.

A Cairo dispatch to the same paper, under date of Friday, says:

The Kate Putnam has barges, in which are 800 pigs lead and 240 sacks rye, for Louisville; 200 sacks flour, 40 bales rags and 30 sacks oats, for Cincinnati; 190 tons iron ore, for Wheeling, and 200 tons iron ore, 80 tons metal and 115 bbls beef, for Pittsburgh. The Kentucky returned to Louisville this morning with a full passenger trip; no freight. The Hon Ascord came out of the Tennessee with barges loaded with ship timber for St. Louis. The Ascord passed up with barges. The Belle Vernon had 1,000 tons coal, 100 tons ore and sundries. The Tyrone brought no barges and business dull for St. Louis, 140 sacks corn for Cairo, 100 hhds tobacco and 22 bales hay for New Orleans and way points. She reports Gen'l Gilpy No. 2 ran into her one mile above Smithland, tearing off the Gipsy's head to the water line and causing damage to the Tyrone. The Gipsy would have sunk, but the Tyrone ran alongside and built her a bulkhead. The pilot of the Tyrone says the Gipsy did not whistle nor stop her engine until the collision. The Tyrone blew her whistle, stopped, and backed with all her power. She Gipsy's pilot says he rang the gong and then the slow bell. She returned here for repairs. River fell three inches. Clear; mercury 95.

The Bertha has laid up at Cincinnati. The Starlight takes her place in the Arkansas trade. The Bertha reports as to the Arkansas trade, "The cotton crops had in many places been utterly destroyed, but the worst never occurring water permitted, replanting was going on. Money was very scarce, and the boat had taken a small consignment of flour up the river, but the entire balance not having money to pay for it, she was compelled to bring it back."

Capt. Sam. Rowe, of steamer Gallatin, in a letter to Capt. Horace Leggett, Bro. & Co., of St. Louis, reports his arrival at Fort Benton on the 6th inst., making the run from St. Louis in forty-eight days, the quickest yet up-river. The Captain, on the 8th ultimo, ran the Gallatin two miles beyond the point reached by the Peter Balen last season, and has reached the furthest point that any steamboat has ever touched at in the Missouri river.

30,000 POUNDS OF LEAD WANTED.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, City of Allegheny, June 18th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until THURSDAY, 27th inst., at 3 o'clock p. m., for supplying the city with 30 000 pounds of lead, to be delivered in such quantities and at such times as the Water Committee may elect, payable 30 days after delivery. Bidders will state price per pound. In the meantime, Sealed Proposals will be received for what FE-RULES may be required during the year. Bidders will state price for each size.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

R. E. FRANCIS, City Controller.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS

CLINTON MILL, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO. BRIGHTON MILL, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—AUGUST HARTJE, President. JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Treas'r. SAMUEL RIDDLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. B. Hartman, John B. Livingston, John M. Perkins, C. H. Merrick.

Cash Paid for Paper Stock.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

OFFICE OF RECORDING REGULATOR, Pittsburgh, June 26th, 1867.

Sealed Proposals for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of

Carson and Allegheny Streets,

From Penn street to Mulberry alley, will be received at this office, West Market Buildings, until MONDAY, July 1st, 1867.

H. J. MOORE, Recording Regulator.

IMPORTANT TO HOUSEKEEPERS.—At

FRANCE'S TEA MART,

No. 15 DIAMOND, PITTSBURGH,

You can buy the finest quality of TEAS, at the price of any sold in the city. Also,

Sugars, Coffees and Groceries,

Of all kinds, of equally fine quality for the prices. TERMS CASH. Goods delivered free.

WM. FRANCE & SON,

15 DIAMOND, Pittsburgh.

H. B. MILLER, Bazaar, Livery and SALE STABLES, Ale., Furnishing Undertaker. All kinds of Coffins, &c., at the lowest rates, kept constantly on hand. CARRIAGES Birmingham, Horses, Carriages and new Buggies for hire. Hearses and Carriages always in readiness for Funerals. Horses kept at Livery by the day, month or year, and attended to in the best manner. Private families furnished with the safest Horses and most elegant Carriages. Stables kept open all hours of the day and night. my31:6

MISCELLANEOUS.

MYERS, HOPPER & CO.,

(Successors to H. R. BULGER, Agent.)

MANUFACTURERS OF

FURNITURE

Of Every Description,

SCHOOL AND OFFICE FURNITURE,

No. 45 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

A full assortment of Pittsburgh Manufactured Furniture constantly on hand at LOWEST CASH PRICES.

WM. J. MYERS.....WM. C. HOPPER.....C. A. MYERS. MYERS, HOPPER & CO.

J. S. MORRISON.....D. H. BAKE.....ISAAC BOWERS. F. CAUFMAN.....JACOB EBY.

MORRISON, BARE & CO.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of

BOOK AND PRINT PAPER.

Orders promptly filled.

Address, SPANG'S MILLS, Blair County, Penna.

Highest cash price paid for rags.

IRON CITY CUTLERY CO.,

No. 3 St. Clair Street.

Having purchased of ANDREW EGGS the entire stock of Hardware, Cutlery and Various goods, at the above stand, it is their intention to keep on hand a first class stock of

HARDWARE. CUTLERY.

Guns, Rifles, Revolvers, Pistols, Fishing Tackle and sporting goods of every variety. They are also prepared to do all kinds of JOB WORK; Grinding Razors, Scissors, &c., Cutting Metal and stamps, and making Seal and Cancelling Stamps, at shortest notice.

W. H. LOWN, Manager.

TO CLASS MANUFACTURERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the sole Agency for the sale of the celebrated

COPLY POT CLAY,

Are now prepared to furnish it in any quantity to those wishing to procure this superior article. During fifteen years' use of this clay we have arrived at such perfection in the manufacture of crucibles that we can guarantee them to furnish more heats in the same length of time, and last as long as any crucible made from any other clay in the market, we having proved it by actual test for months together, and are willing to stand by the above guarantee. Crucibles furnished to the proportion of the various sizes of the melting furnaces in use. The Clay is ground and moulded at the mill.

DITTRIDGE & SON,

Fort Pitt Glass Works, Washington st., Pittsburgh, Pa.

jeth:6m

THE PEOPLE'S

TEA STORE,

Wilson & Underwood.

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES.

One of the cheapest and best wholesale and retail stores in the two cities.

No. 15 South West Diamond,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

Call and examine our stock and prices. ap15:6m

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, Allegheny, June 27th, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until FRIDAY, July 5th, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M., for Grading and Paving the following streets, viz:

ASBURY ALLEY, from Locust street to the Ohio river.

HOPE ALLEY, in the 9th ward, without curb.

LOCUST ALLEY, from Perry to Ohio street, without curb.

DAVIS ALLEY, from Webster street to Forbes lane, with curb.

Also, for Re-setting and Re-Paving CHERRY STREET, from Long alley to Butchers' lane.

H. S. FRANCIS, City Controller.

jy2:3td

TO OIL REFINERS.

THOS. S. CALHOUN

CARPENTER,

No. 167 Locust Street, Allegheny City

Manufacturer of every description of CRUDE OIL CONDENSERS AND

TANKS.

AGITATORS built on the most improved style. IRON TANK BOTTOMS and TOPS, and all kinds of work of that class, done for Refiners on the most reasonable terms and at the shortest notice. my31:6m

GREAT REVOLUTION IN THE WINE TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES.

PURE CATAWBA WINE,

Manufactured by the undersigned, from the Catawba grapes, grown on the Ohio river, and warranted to be the pure juice of the grape, without the addition of sugar or brandy. The undersigned would call the attention of Wine Dealers and consumers generally to the latter, which may be a correct idea of the quality of their Wines.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, Pittsburgh, Pa., Oct. 20th, 1866.

Messrs. Hoffman & Co.—Gentlemen: Having given your California Champagne a thorough test, I am pleased to say that I consider it one of the best Americans I have had out of New York. Yours truly, CHARLES CONTI, Proprietor.

Oakland, Cal., Oct. 20th, 1866.

Messrs. Hoffman & Co.—Gentlemen: I have used your Champagne Cider, and find it to be a very fine article. Yours truly, C. A. CAMPBELL, Proprietor Oakland House.

For sale by HOFFMAN & CO., 55 Maiden Lane, N. Y.

jy2:3m

FOR SALE.—We have for sale several good second-hand

Iron Turning Lathes,

Especially adapted for turning axles. We offer also, ONE ENGINE, 9 inch cylinder, 20 inch stroke, and one boiler, 16 inches diameter, 30 feet long, two 14 inch flues.

Enquire at the INDUSTR